Issue date: 05-June-2020 Revision date: -Supersedes date: -Version number: 01



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Nukote HAR, A-Side
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use of the chem	nical and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Coating.
Restrictions on use	None known.
Details of manufacturer or impo	orter
Supplier	Nukote Coating Systems International
Company name	Nukote Distributors Pty Ltd
Address	P.O. Box 275
	Wickham NSW 2293
	Australia
Telephone	02 4911 2000
Emergency telephone	1800 039 008 (Chemwatch)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard symbol(s)

Classification of the hazardous chemical

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 1

Label elements, including precautionary statements

	Health Exclamation hazard mark
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement(s)	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Supplemental information	None.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture		
Identity of chemical ingredients	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration of ingredients
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	64 - 100
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	4 - 7

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

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Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Personal protection for first-aid responders	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Symptoms caused by exposure	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Coughing. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Medical attention and special treatment	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sand. Earth.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. If water is used, use large amounts as the reaction between hot Isocyanates and water can be vigorous.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. In a fire, this product may build up pressure and rupture a sealed container. Water contamination will produce carbon dioxide. Do not reseal contaminated containers as pressure buildup may rupture them. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Nitrogen Oxides. Traces of hydrogen cyanide. Unidentified organic compounds.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if directed onto containers of hot or burning material. Control contaminated fire water to minimize release to the environment.
Hazchem code	2X
General fire hazards	Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Due to reaction with water producing CO2-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed. Containers may burst if overheated. Reacts violently with water.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Prepare a decontamination solution of 2.0% liquid detergent and 3-8% concentrated ammonium hydroxide in water (5-10% sodium carbonate may be substituted for the ammonium hydroxide). Treat the spill area with the decontamination solution, using about 10 parts of the solution for each part of the spill, and allow it to react for at least 15 minutes. Carbon dioxide will be evolved, leaving insoluble polyureas. Residues from spill cleanup, even when treated as described may continue to require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. Slowly stir the isocyanate waste into the decontamination solution described above. Let stand for 48 hours, allowing the evolved carbon dioxide to vent away, residues may still be subject to hazardous storage and disposal requirements. Dispose of in compliance with all relevant local, state, and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. Use non-sparking hand tools and explosion-proof electrical equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind on containers. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS). Protect against physical damage. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
8. Exposure controls and	personal protection
0	

Control parameters Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Components	ce OELs (Workplace Exposure Standa Type	Value	, pp
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	
	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit		M.L.	
Components	Туре	Value	
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
UK. EH40 Workplace Expos Components	ure Limits (WELs) Type	Value	
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	STEL	0.07 mg/m3	
101 00 0)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	
Germany DEG MAK List (a	dvisory OELs). Commission for the In	vestigation of Health Hazard	Is of Chemical Compounds
in the Work Area (DFG)		vooligation of noath na_are	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Propylene carbonate (CAS 108-32-7)	TWA	8.5 mg/m3	
		2 ppm	
ological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for	the ingredient(s).	
opropriate engineering ontrols	Explosion-proof general and local exh Ventilation rates should be matched to exhaust ventilation, or other engineerii exposure limits. Provide eyewash stat	o conditions. If applicable, use ng controls to maintain airborr	process enclosures, local
dividual protection measures,	for example personal protective equi	pment (PPE)	
Eye/face protection	When working with liquids wear splash facepiece respiratory protection is wor		face shield unless full
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile, neoprene, PVC or rubber gloves are recommended. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Be aware the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Contaminated gloves should l replaced. Other suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant c gear or chemical resistant coveralls is should be made of a natural rubber, no	recommended. Impervious b	ody suit, protective clothing
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain limits (where applicable) or to an acce been established), wear a NIOSH-app positive pressure mode with emergend breathing apparatus (SCBA). Air purif protection against isocyanates. Check	ptable level (in countries wher roved (or equivalent) full-face cy escape provisions or a posi ying (cartridge type) respirato	e exposure limits have not piece airline respirator in the itive pressure self-contained rs are not approved for
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective c	lothing, when necessary.	
ygiene measures	Observe any medical surveillance requires, such as washing after hand smoking. Routinely wash work clothing Contaminated work clothing should not	dling the material and before e g and protective equipment to	eating, drinking, and/or premove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Physical state Form	Clear liquid.
Colour	Clear.
Odour	Mild aromatic.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	150 °C (302 °F)
range	
Flash point	93.3 °C (200.0 °F)
Evaporation rate	Slower than ether.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Heavier than air.
Relative density	1.16 (H20=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Reacts with water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other physical and chemical par	rameters
Density	9.68 lb/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
VOC	0 lb/gal
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	This product will react with any material containing active hydrogens, such as water, alcohol, ammonia, amines, alkalis and acids, the reaction with water is slow under 50°C, but is accelerated at higher temperature and in the presence of alkalis, tertiary amines, and metal compounds. Reacts violently with strong oxidizers.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not occur under normal conditions but under high temperatures in the presence of alkalis,tertiary amines, and metal compounds will accelerate polymerization. Possible evolution of carbon dioxide gas may rupture closed containers.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Moisture. Protect against direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials in a closed system will cause liberation of carbon dioxide and buildup of pressure. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.
Incompatible materials	Active hydrogen compounds. Water, moisture. Alcohols. Ammonia. Amines. Alkalis. Metal compounds. Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides. Trace amounts of: Hydrogen cyanide. Unidentified organic compounds.
11. Toxicological informat	ion

Information on possible routes of exposure

Inhalation

Fatal if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Skin contact	Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.		
Eye contact		Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis. Any level of contact should not be left	
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed.		
Symptoms related to exposure	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Coughing. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
Acute toxicity	Fatal if inhaled. May be harmfu	l if swallowed.	
Components	Species	Test Results	
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl diisocyana	ate (CAS 101-68-8)		
Acute			
Inhalation			
Aerosol			
LC50	Rat	0.369 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Propylene carbonate (CAS 108-32	2-7)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l	
Oral LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	1		
Respiratory sensitisation		ymptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin rea allergic reactions when using th	ction. Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop nis product.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate province of the mutagenic or genotoxic.	oduct or any components present at greater than 0.1% are	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		
IARC Monographs. Overall I	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
4,4'-Methylene diphenyl o	liisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to	cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs thro	ugh prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be h exposure. Persons already ser this product.	armful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated sitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using	
12. Ecological information	1		
Ecotoxicity		environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the	

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability	In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates. 10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Mobility in soil	This product is miscible in water.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. DO NOT pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers; they may explode and cause injury or death. Empty product containers may contain product residue. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

14. Transport information

ADG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according toNot established.Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 andthe IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with Australia Model Code of Practice for the preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (23/12/2011).

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix A

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix B

Poisons schedule number not allocated. Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix D

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix E

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix F

Poisons schedule number not allocated. Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix G

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix H Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix I

Poisons schedule number not allocated.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Appendix J Poisons schedule number not allocated.

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Australia Medicines & F	oisons Schedule 2	
Poisons schedule nu		
Australia Medicines & F		
Poisons schedule nu Australia Medicines & F	oisons Schedule 4	
Poisons schedule nu Australia Medicines & F	oisons Schedule 5	
Poisons schedule nu Australia Medicines & F		
4,4'-Methylene diphe Australia Medicines & F	nyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8) Poisons Schedule 7	
Poisons schedule nu Australia Medicines & F		
Poisons schedule nu		
Australia Medicines & P		
Poisons schedule nu Australia National Pollu	mber not allocated. tant Inventory (NPI): Threshold qu	Jantity
4,4'-Methylene diphe High Volume Industrial	nyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8) Chemicals (HVIC)	10 TONNES/YR Threshold Category: 1
	nyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	1000 - 9999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
	eleting Substances (Customs(Pro	hibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)
Not listed.	ntory (NPI) substance reporting lis	t
Not listed.	itory (NFI) substance reporting is	
Prohibited Carcinogeni	c Substances	
Not regulated. Prohibited Substances NOHSC:1005 (1994) as a		e control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2
Not listed.		
	f Organochlorine Chemicals (Cus	toms(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)
Not listed. Restricted Carcinogenio	Substances	
Not regulated.	Substances	
International regulations		
Stockholm Convention		
Not applicable. Rotterdam Convention		
Not applicable. Kyoto Protocol		
Not applicable. Montreal Protocol		
Not applicable.		
Basel Convention		
Not applicable.		
16. Other information		
Issue date	05-June-2020	
Revision date	-	

Disclaimer

NuKote Coating Systems cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.